GOVERNMENT OF GUJARAT LUKHDHIRJI ENGINEERING COLLEGE Morbi - 363642

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

Subject Name: Mechanical Measurement & Metrology Semester: 4^{th}

Subject Code: 3141901

Sr. No.	Questions	COs
1.	Define unilateral and bilateral tolerances. Give examples for each.	CO1
2.	Explain with neat diagram, working principle and application of	CO1
	Sigma comparator.	
3.	List out the advantages and disadvantages of thermistors.	CO2
4.	Describe with sketch a liquid-in-glass thermometer. Explain its	CO2
	application.	
5.	Describe with neat sketch the construction and use of gear tooth vernier	CO3
	caliper.	
6.	What is gauge factor? Explain its importance.	CO2
7.	Describe the construction and working of Tool maker's microscope.	CO3
8.	Explain three wire method for measuring effective diameter of a thread.	CO3
	State its advantages over two wire method.	
9.	What is coordinate measuring machine? Discuss various configuration of	CO4
	CMM. Write the advantages of coordinate measuring machines	
10.	Explain Parkinson gear tester with a neat sketch.	CO3
11.	Classification of instruments for pressure measurement.	CO2
12.	Name the various methods used for measurement of tooth thickness	CO3
	and explain any one of them.	
13.	Explain the working principle of pneumatic comparators with neat sketch.	CO1
14.	Explain working of McLeod gauge for pressure measurement.	CO2
15.	Give the comparison between resistance thermometer and thermocouple.	CO2
16.	Explain the terms interchangeable manufacture and interchangeable	CO1
	assembly.	
17.	Explain optical pyrometer for measurement of temperature.	CO2
18.	How are temperatures measuring instruments classified?	CO2
19.	Explain in brief the principle of thermocouple stating illustrations.	CO2
20.	Describe the construction and working of resistance temperature detector	CO2
	(RTD) with neat sketch.	
21.	State various sources of errors. What are the difference between	CO1
	systematic errorand random error?	
22.	With a neat sketch, explain light wave length standard.	CO1
23.	Explain Eddy-current dynamometer with sketch.	CO2

1 Vision of the Department:

To deliver quality engineering education for Mechanical Engineers with Professional competency, Human values and Acceptability in the society.

Mission of the Department:

- To nurture engineers with basic and advance mechanical engineering concepts
- To impart Techno-Managerial skill in students to meet global engineering challenges
- To create ethical engineers who can contribute for sustainable development of society



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24.	Give the classification of threads.	CO3
25.	Discuss the elements of screw thread with a neat sketch.	CO3
26.	Explain various forms of gear teeth.	CO3
27.	Write the advantages of lazers.	CO4
28.	Describe LVDT giving its advantages, limitations & field of applications.	CO1
29.	Write a short note on Cathode ray Oscillographs.	CO4
30.	Explain rope brake dynamometer.	CO2
31.	Explain the principle of electrical Strain gauges	CO2
32.	List out advantages and disadvantages of electrical comparators.	CO1
33.	Explain with neat sketch the construction and working of Johansson Mikrokator.	CO1
34.	Explain the working principle of strain gauge load cell with neat sketch.	CO2
35.	Explain line and end standards with examples.	CO1
36.	Derive the expression for best wire size.	CO3
37.	Describe with sketch proving ring stating its uses and advantages.	CO2
38.	Explain hydraulic force meter and pneumatic force meter with advantages and disadvantages.	CO2
39.	Explain principle of Auto-Collimator and state its application.	CO1
40.	With neat sketch explain in details about construction and working of bimetallic thermometer.	CO2
41.	With neat sketch explain working of laser interferometer.	CO4
42.	Differentiate following terms: - 1) Systematic and random errors, 2) Reproducibility and Repeatability 3) Hole basis and shaft basis systems.	CO1
43.	What is tolerance? Why tolerances are specified?	CO1
44.	Define fit. Describe various types of fits	CO1
45.	Explain the characteristics of good comparator.	CO1
46.	Explain why hole basis system is generally preferred ?	CO1
47.	With the help of a neat sketch derive an equation for measuring gear tooth thickness using constant chord method. State its advantages.	CO3
48.	Define (i) Circular Pitch (ii) Module and (iii) Pressure Angle	CO1
49.	Explain the working principle of a laser transducer system.	CO4
50.	Give comparison between involute and cycloidal gears.	CO3
51.	Define the following characteristics of measurement system:	C01
51.	 (i) Dead zone, (ii) Drift, (iii) Calibration, (iv) Hysteresis (v) Accuracy (vi) Precision vii)Threshold viii) Linearity 	

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52.	Explain generalized measurement system using suitable example.	CO1
53.	Why sine bar is not preferred for angles greater than 45°? Explain.	CO1
54.	Enlist various methods of measurements. Explain Slip gauges with	CO1
	wringing process.	
55.	Describe with neat sketch the construction and working of a	CO1
	micrometer/vernier caliper. How least count of micrometer/vernier caliper	
	can be calculated?	
56.	Define following terms related to screw thread measurement:	CO3
	(i) Lead, (ii) Pitch, (iii) Crest	

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